

IKKα (phospho-T23) polyclonal antibody

Catalog: BCP00941 Host: Rabbit Reactivity: Human, Mouse, Rat

BackGround:

The NF- κ B/Rel transcription factors are present in the cytosol in an inactive state, complexed with the inhibitory I κ B proteins. Most agents that activate NF- κ B do so through a common pathway based on phosphorylation-induced, proteasome-mediated degradation of I κ B. The key regulatory step in this pathway involves activation of a high molecular weight I κ B kinase (IKK) complex whose catalysis is generally carried out by three tightly associated IKK subunits. IKK α and IKK β serve as the catalytic subunits of the kinase and IKK γ serves as the regulatory subunit. Activation of IKK depends upon phosphorylation at Ser177 and Ser181 in the activation loop of IKK β (Ser176 and Ser180 in IKK α), which causes conformational changes, resulting in kinase activation.

Product:

Rabbit IgG, 1mg/ml in PBS with 0.02% sodium azide, 50% glycerol, pH7.2

Molecular Weight:

~ 85 kDa

Swiss-Prot:

O15111

Purification&Purity:

The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen and the purity is > 95% (by SDS-PAGE).

Applications:

WB: 1:500~1:1000 IHC: 1:50~1:200

Storage&Stability:

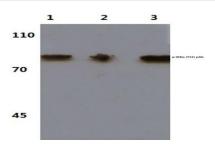
Store at $4\,\mathrm{C}$ short term. Aliquot and store at $-20\,\mathrm{C}$ long term. Avoid freeze-thaw cycles.

Specificity:

IKKα (phospho-T23) polyclonal antibody detects endog-

enous levels of IKK α protein only when phosphorylated at Thr23.

DATA:



Western blot (WB) analysis of IKKα (phospho-T23) polyclonal anti-

body at 1:500 dilution

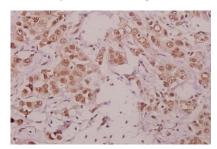
Lane1:K562 whole cell lysate(40ug)

Lane2:HepG2 whole cell lysate(40ug)

Lane3:HEK293T whole cell lysate(40ug)

Lane4: The Embryo tissue lysate of Rat(10ug)

Lane5:The Brain tissue lysate of Mouse(40ug)



Immunohistochemistry (IHC) analyzes of IKK α (phospho-T23) polyclonal antibody in paraffin-embedded human colorectal carcinoma tissue at 1:50.

Note:

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedure.