

# **GNL1 (Q103) polyclonal antibody**

Catalog: BCP00827 Host: Rabbit Reactivity: Human, Mouse, Rat

#### **BackGround:**

GNL1 (guanine nucleotide-binding protein-like 1) is a nuclear protein that likely acts as a regulator of the histocompatibility cluster. GNL1 and MMR1, the murine homolog, are localized within or close to the MHC class I region and belong to the MMR1/HSR1 GTP-binding protein family. GTPases, such as GNL1, from the MMR1/HSR1 GTP-binding protein subfamily are circularly rearranged G-motifs that play a critical role in maintaining normal cell growth. Deletion of these genes results in severe growth defects with a marked reduction in mature rRNA species and a concomitant accumulation of the 35S pre-rRNA transcript. Deletion also causes the ribosomal protein RPL25A to fail exportation from the nucleolus. Deletion of any of the G-domain motifs will result in a null phenotype and nuclear/nucleolar localization that lacks the nucleolar export of preribosomes and is accompanied by a distortion of the nucleolar structure. Upon DNA damage GNL1 is phosphorylated by a kinase, possibly Atm or ATR.

### **Product:**

Rabbit IgG, 1mg/ml in PBS with 0.02% sodium azide, 50% glycerol, pH7.2

## **Molecular Weight:**

~ 69 kDa

#### **Swiss-Prot:**

P36915

## **Purification&Purity:**

The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen and the purity is > 95% (by SDS-PAGE).

# **Applications:**

WB: 1:500~1:1000

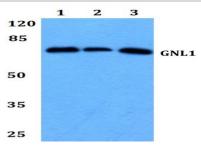
## Storage&Stability:

Store at  $4\,\mathrm{C}$  short term. Aliquot and store at  $-20\,\mathrm{C}$  long term. Avoid freeze-thaw cycles.

# **Specificity:**

GNL1 (Q103) polyclonal antibody detects endogenous levels of GNL1 protein.

## DATA:



Western blot (WB) analysis of GNL1 (Q103) pAb at 1:1000 dilution

Lane1: The Brain tissue lysate of Mouse(40ug)

Lane2:The Brain tissue lysate of Rat(40ug)

Lane3:HEK293T whole cell lysate(40ug)

Lane4:MCF-7 whole cell lysate(40ug)

### Note:

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedure.