CLC-4 (E254) polyclonal antibody

Catalog: BCP00511

Host: F

Rabbit

Reactivity: Human, Mouse, Rat

BackGround:

The family of voltage-dependent chloride channels (CLCs) regulate cellular trafficking of chloride ions, a critical component of all living cells. CLCs regulate excitability in muscle and nerve cells, aid in organic solute transport and maintain cellular volume. The genes encoding human CLC-1 through CLC-7 map to chromosomes 7, 3q26, 4q32, Xp22, Xp11, 1p36 and 16p13, respectively. CLC-1 is highly expressed in skeletal muscle. Mutations in the gene encoding CLC-1 lead to myotonia, an inheritable disorder characterized by muscle stiffness and renal salt wasting. CLC-2 is highly expressed in the epithelia of several organs including lung, which suggests CLC-2 may be a possible therapeutic target for cystic fibrosis. CLC-3 expression is particularly abundant in neuronal tissue, while CLC-4 expression is evident in skeletal and cardiac muscle as well as brain.

Product:

Rabbit IgG, 1mg/ml in PBS with 0.02% sodium azide, 50% glycerol, pH7.2

Molecular Weight:

~ 85 kDa

Swiss-Prot:

P51793

Purification&Purity:

The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen and the purity is > 95% (by SDS-PAGE).

Applications:

WB: 1:500~1:1000

IF: 1:50~1:200

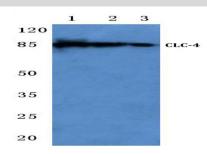
Storage&Stability:

Store at $4 \,^{\circ}{\rm C}$ short term. Aliquot and store at $-20 \,^{\circ}{\rm C}$ long term. Avoid freeze-thaw cycles.

Specificity:

CLC-4 (E254) polyclonal antibody detects endogenous levels of CLC-4 protein.

DATA:



Western blot (WB) analysis of CLC-4 (E254) polyclonal antibody at

1:500 dilution Lane1:Hela cell lysate

Lane2:Raw264.7 cell lysate

Lane3:PC12 cell lysate

Note:

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedure.