APEX1 (R221) polyclonal antibody

Catalog: BCP00215

Host: Rabbit

Reactivity: Human, Mouse, Rat

BackGround:

The role of transcription factors in the regulation of gene expression is well established. Although the activity of these factors can be regulated by phosphorylation, evidence has indicated regulation of DNA binding mediated by changes in reduction-oxidation (redox) status. Mutational analysis has identified a single conserved cysteine residue mapping within the DNA binding domains of Fos and Jun. Chemical oxidation or modification of this cysteine residue inhibits the DNA binding activity of Fos and Jun. A similar mode of regulation has been recently proposed for other nuclear transcription factors. Oxidation is reversible by these compounds or by a cellular redox/DNA repair protein identified originally as Ref-1 (redox factor 1). Ref-1 is identical to a previously characterized DNA repair enzyme designated HAP1, APE or APEX.

Product:

Rabbit IgG, 1mg/ml in PBS with 0.02% sodium azide, 50% glycerol, pH7.2

Molecular Weight:

~ 37 kDa

Swiss-Prot:

P27695

Purification&Purity:

The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen and the purity is > 95% (by SDS-PAGE).

Applications:

WB: 1:500~1:1000

IHC: 1:50~1:200

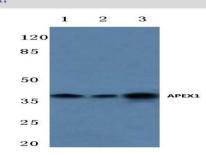
Storage&Stability:

Store at $4 \,^{\circ}{\rm C}$ short term. Aliquot and store at $-20 \,^{\circ}{\rm C}$ long term. Avoid freeze-thaw cycles.

Specificity:

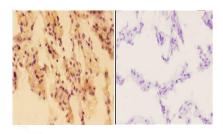
APEX1 (R221) polyclonal antibody detects endogenous levels of APEX1 protein.

DATA:



Western blot (WB) analysis of APEX1/Ref-1 (R221) pAb at 1:500 dilution

Lane1:HepG2 whole cell lysate(40ug) Lane2:PC3 whole cell lysate(40ug) Lane3:MEF whole cell lysate(40ug) Lane4:C6 whole cell lysate(40ug)



Immunohistochemistry (IHC) analyzes of APEX1 (R221) pAb in paraffin-embedded human lung carcinoma tissue at 1:50,showing nuclear staining.Negative control (the right)Using PBS instead of primary antibody, secondary antibody is Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG-biotin followed by avidin-peroxidase.

Note:

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedure.